







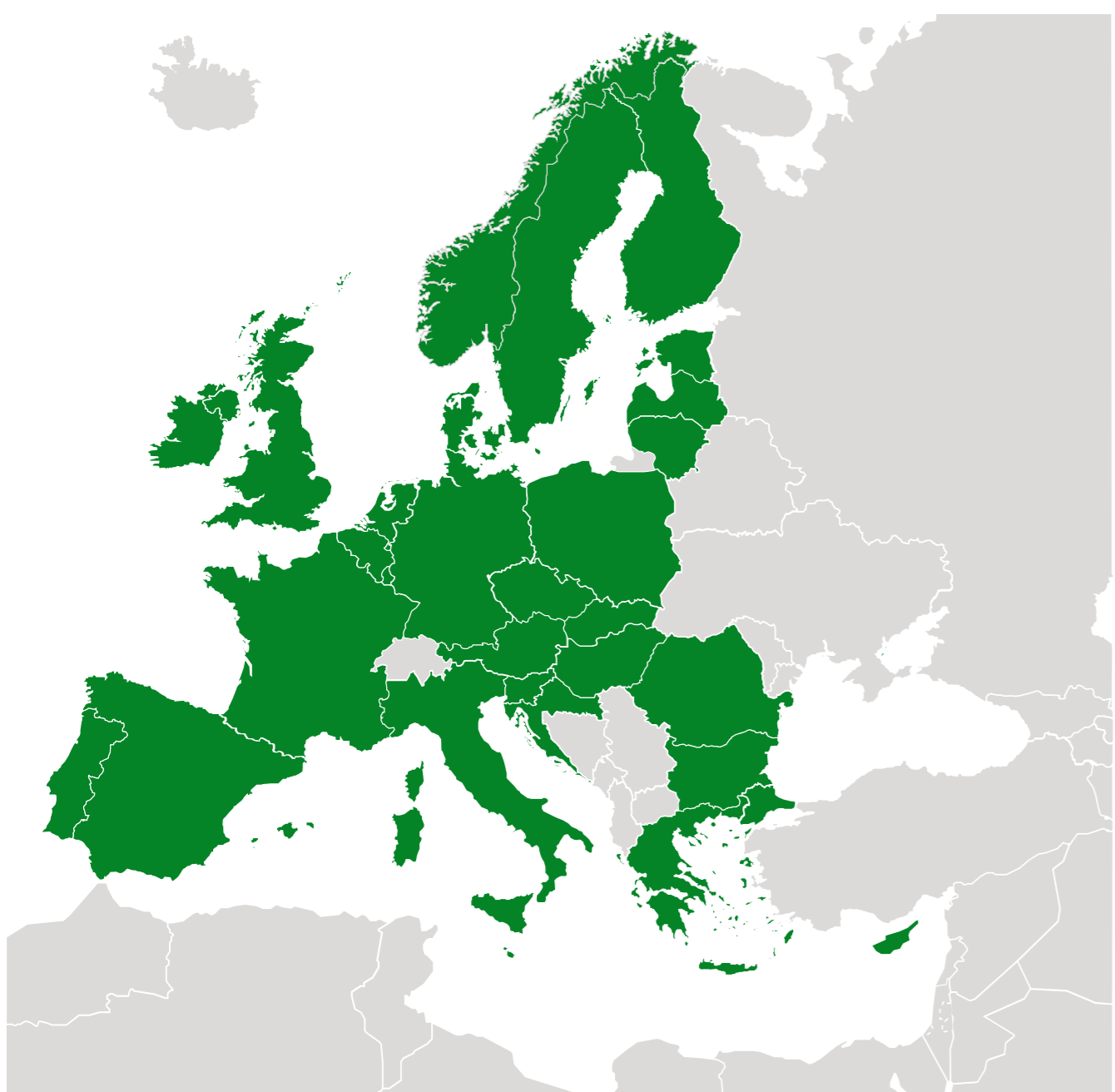


-  **Forests**
-  **Agroecosystems**
-  **Heath and grasslands**
-  **Urban**

-  **Wetlands**
-  **Rivers and lakes**
-  **Marine ecosystems**
-  **Coastal landscapes**



Evaluate the current state of nature risk screening tools used by financial actors to assess biodiversity risks and their alignment with requirements of the European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS) E4 on Biodiversity and ecosystems







## Expected outcome

A review of knowledge gaps in biodiversity metrics for finance.

## Anticipated benefits

Providing guidance for the financial sector to assess ecosystem and biodiversity impacts, screen nature-related risks, and prioritize investments

## Stakeholders

-  **Public sector** ● ● ● ● ●
-  **Research and education** ● ● ● ● ●
-  **NGOs and civil society** ● ● ● ● ●
-  **Private sector and industry** ● ● ● ● ●

## Business application to support strategic decision-making

 Assess risks and opportunities

 Communicate and report

 Compare options